

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
08/859,276	05/20/1997	MASAHIRO SUZUKI	JAO32382	7543		
25944 75	90 10/07/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER		
OLIFF & BER	RIDGE, PLC	NGUYEN, LUONG TRUNG				
P.O. BOX 1992 ALEXANDRIA	=	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
11227111121411	·9, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2612			
			DATE MAIL ED: 10/07/2005			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				1 4 10 21 11				
Office Action Comments		Application	Application No. Applicant(s)					
		08/859,276		SUZUKI ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
		LUONG T.		2612				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication Reply	tion appears on the	cover sheet with the	correspondence a	ddress			
WHI(- Exte after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIL nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 3' SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statuoure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, reply received by the Office later than three months after the department of the provided by the Office later than three months after the department of the provided by the Office later than three months after the department of the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than three months after the provided by the Office later than the pr	LING DATE OF THI 7 CFR 1.136(a). In no ever cation. ary period will apply and will by statute, cause the applic	S COMMUNICATIO tt, however, may a reply be ti expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cation to become ABANDONI	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this of ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1)[🖂	Paspansive to communication(s) filed of	on 17 May 2005						
	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>17 May 2005</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.							
3)	,			nsecution as to th	e merits is			
∪,ات	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disnosit	ion of Claims		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
		lina ia Aba analiasti						
4)[2]	Claim(s) 1-15,24-31 and 41 is/are pending in the application.							
εν□	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
·	Claim(s) <u>1-6, 10-15,24-26,28-31 and 41</u> is/are rejected.							
7)⊠	Claim(s) <u>7-9 and 27</u> is/are objected to.							
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	n and/or election re	quirement.					
Applicat	ion Papers							
9)[The specification is objected to by the E	xaminer.						
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)	☐ accepted or b)☐	objected to by the	Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection	n to the drawing(s) be	held in abeyance. Se	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
• .	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the		· ·	, ,	FR 1.121(d).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by	· ·	.	•	` '			
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for ☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	foreign priority und	ər 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	a)-(d) or (f).				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the	he priority documer	its have been receiv	ed in this National	l Stage			
	application from the International	Bureau (PCT Rule	17.2(a)).		_			
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action fo	or a list of the certific	ed copies not receive	ed.				
Attachmen	k(s)							
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4	1) Interview Summary	/ (PTO-413)				
2) 🔲 Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-	948)	Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate				
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTC r No(s)/Mail Date		5)	Patent Application (PT	O-152)			

Application/Control Number: 08/859,276

Art Unit: 2612

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed on 5/17/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In re page 7, Applicants argue that none of the applied references, either alone or in combination, disclose or suggest an information input apparatus and associated method that includes a judging device that judges whether the apparatus is in the recording mode, as recited in independent claim 1, and as similarly recited in independent claim 24.

In response, regarding claim 1, Applicants amended claim 1 with the claim limitation "a judging device that judges whether the apparatus is in the recording mode." The Examiner considers that claim 1 as amended still does not distinguish from Hashimoto et al. patent in view of Shimizu et al. patent. Hashimoto et al. discloses digital camera 100 includes a red LED 112, which indicates that an image is being recorded (figure 1A, column 4, lines 1-3).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1, 4, 10-13, 15, 24, 28-31, 41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hashimoto et al. (US 5,815,201) in view of Shimizu et al. (US 4,223,987).

Regarding claim 1, Hashimoto et al. discloses an electronic camera comprising an image device disclosed as CCD 9 (figure 8, column 6, lines 45-50); a sound recording device, disclosed as microphone 1 (figure 8, column 6, lines 20-23); a storage medium that stores at least one of the digital images formed by the imaging device and the sounds input by the sound recording device, disclosed as memory 16 (figure 8, column 7, lines 13-16); a release switch, disclosed as shutter button (figure 8, column 7, lines 22-25); a control device that connects to the sound recording device, the storage medium (CPU 23, column 7, line 66 – column 8, line 6); a judging device that judges whether the apparatus is in the recording mode (red LED 112 indicates an image is being recorded, figure 1A, column 4, lines 1-3).

Hashimoto et al. fails to specifically disclose a sound effect output device that outputs a preset non-mechanical sound effect when the release switch is operated, and wherein while in the recording mode, the control device controls the sound effect output device to prevent outputting sound effect when the user operates the release switch to initiate the capturing process.

However, Shimizu et al. discloses a camera, which includes a sound-making element (sound effect output device) and a means for stopping the sound (prevent outputting the preset non-mechanical sound effect, column 1, lines 50-57, 64-68). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the camera in Hashimoto et al. by the teaching of Shimizu et al. in order to produce warning signals to the user.

Regarding claim 4, Hashimoto et al. discloses the storage medium stores the images and the sounds together (column 7, lines 13-16).

Regarding claims 10-13, Hashimoto et al. discloses the video signal and the sound signal are recorded memory card 26 (column 7, lines 13-17), and can be play back via interface circuit 14 (figure 8, column 7, lines 12-17). Hashimoto et al. and Shimizu et al. do not disclose a sound removing device. However, Official Notice is taken that the use of a sound removing device is so notoriously well-known as a way to removing sound effect in the recorded sound. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include such a device in the device of Hashimoto et al. and Shimizu et al. in order to retain only desired sound recorded together with the images.

Regarding claim 15, Hashimoto et al. discloses an illumination device as flash 20 (figure 8, column 7, lines 27-29).

Regarding claim 24, claim 24 is the method claim of apparatus claim 1. Therefore, claim 24 is rejected for the same reasons given respect to claim 1.

Regarding claims 28-30, see Examiner's comments regarding claims 10-13.

Regarding claims 31, 41, Shimizu et al. disclose the preset sound effect is customizable (sound making element, column 16, lines 61-67).

4. Claims 2, 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hashimoto et al. (US 5,815,201) in view of Shimizu et al. (US 4,223,987) further in view of Saito et al. (US 4,937,673).

Page 5

Regarding claim 2, Hashimoto et al. and Shimizu et al. do not disclose a viewfinder. However, Saito et al. discloses a camera, which includes view finder 70 (figures 1A-1B, 2, column 3, lines 10-15). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the camera in Hashimoto et al. and Shimizu et al. by the teaching of Saito et al. in order to allow a user view the image before recording the image.

Hashimoto et al., Shimizu et al. and Saito et al. do not disclose an information output device that outputs visual information within the viewfinder. However, Official Notice is taken that using an information output device that outputs visual information within the viewfinder, such as a red LED flashing on the viewfinder, is well known in the art. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include such device in the device of Hashimoto et al., Shimizu et al. and Saito et al. in order to inform what kind of operation camera to the user.

Regarding claim 25, claim 25 is the method claim of apparatus claim 2. Therefore, claim 25 is rejected for the same reasons given respect to claim 2.

5. Claims 3, 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hashimoto et al. (US 5,815,201) in view of Shimizu et al. (US 4,223,987) further in view of Kawakami et al. (US 4,660,102).

Application/Control Number: 08/859,276

Art Unit: 2612

Regarding claim 3, Hashimoto et al. and Shimizu et al. do not disclose the preset non-mechanical sound effect is a shutter sound effect. However, Kawakami et al. discloses a camera comprises a piezo-electric device, which produces a pseudo-shutter sound when a recording operation is initiated (column 4, lines 44-49). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the camera in Hashimoto et al. and Shimizu et al. by the teaching of Kawakami et al. in order to clearly notify the recording operation to the operator (column 4, lines 44-45).

Regarding claim 14, Hashimoto et al. and Shimizu et al. do not disclose a display that displays the images. However, Kawakami et al. discloses a monitor unit 210 for displaying images (see figure, column 3, line 55). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the camera in Hashimoto et al. and Shimizu et al. by the teaching of Kawakami et al. in order to let the operator view the captured images.

6. Claims 5-6 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hashimoto et al. (US 5,815,201) in view of Shimizu et al. (US 4,223,987) in view of Arai et al. (US 5,576,758).

Regarding claims 5-6, Hashimoto et al. and Shimizu et al. do not explicitly disclose a setting device that sets a photographic environment and the setting device is a compression device. However, Arai et al. teach a digital electric still camera in which the image data is compressed before being recorded and data compression rate is selectable by operating a picture

Application/Control Number: 08/859,276

Art Unit: 2612

mode button (column 3, lines 20-29). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the camera in Hashimoto et al. and Shimizu et al. by the teaching of Arai et al. in order to let the photographer can learn from the reproduced photographic scenes the optimum data compression rate for various scenes, and can select a suitable data compression rate during photographing (col. 2, lines 5-10).

Regarding claim 26, the claim is considered analogous to claim 5. Therefore, see Examiner's comments regarding claim 5.

Allowable Subject Matter

7. Claims 7-9, 27 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Regarding claim 7, the prior art of the record fails to show or fairly suggest an information apparatus comprising wherein a frequency of the sound effect is changed based on the selected compression rate in order to be recorded sound associated with image data at different compression rate.

Regarding claims 8-9, the prior art of the record fails to show or fairly suggest an information apparatus comprising wherein the sound effect output device outputs the sound effects based on the operation mode set by the setting device.

Regarding claim 27, the prior art of the record fails to show or fairly suggest a method of controlling an image information input apparatus, comprising the outputting step outputs the non-mechanical sound effect based on the operation mode set by the setting device.

Conclusion

8. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to LUONG T. NGUYEN whose telephone number is (571) 272-7315. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30AM - 5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, NGOCYEN VU can be reached on (571) 272-7320. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

LN LN 10/03/2005

> NGOCYEN VU PRIMARY EXAMINER